UPSC, CSE (Prelims)

UPSC CSE (P) Question Papers

(2015)



UPSC Prelims Question Papers 2015



General Studies Paper-I

1.	'Pra	dhan Mantri	Jan-Dl	han Yojana h	as been l	aunched for			
	(a)	(a) providing housing loan to poor people at cheaper interest rates							
	(b)	(b) promoting women's Self-Help Groups in backward areas							
	(c)	promoting fi	nancia	l inclusion in	the counti	У			
	(d)	providing fir	nancial	help to the m	arginalise	d communities			
2.	Witl	h reference to	the Fou	ırteenth Fina	nce Com	mission, which o	of the fo	llowing stateme	nts
	is/ar	re correct?							
	(1)	It has increased	d the sh	are of States	in the cen	tral divisible poo	ol from .	32 percent to 42	
]	percent.							
	(2)	It has made rec	comme	ndations conc	erning sec	ctor-specific gran	its.		
	Sele	ct the correct	answe	r using the co	ode given	below.			
	(a)	1 only	(b)	2 only	(3)	Both 1 and 2	(d)	Neither 1 nor 2	
3.	The	"Fortaleza D	eclara	tion" recent	ly in the	news, is related	to the a	iffairs of	
	(a)	ASEAN	(b)	BRICS	(c)	OECD	(d)	WTO	
4.	A decrease in tax to GDP ratio of a country indicates which of the following?								
	(1)	(1) Slowing economic growth rate							
	(2)	(2) Less equitable distribution of national income							
	Sele	ct the correct	answe	r using the co	ode given	below.			
	(a)	1 only	(b)	2 only	(c)	Both 1 and 2	(d)	Neither 1 nor 2	
5.	In t	In the South Atlantic and South-Eastern Pacific regions in tropical latitudes, cyclone							one
	does not originate. What is the reason?								
	(a)	(a) Sea surface temperatures are low							
	(b)	(b) Inter-Tropical Convergence Zone seldom occurs							
	(c)	Coriolis force is too weak							
	(d)	Absence of l	and in	those regions					
6.	Whi	ich one of the	e follo	wing pairs o	of States	of India indica	ites the	e easternmost a	ınd
	west	ternmost State	e?						
	(a)	Assam and Rajasthan			(b)	b) Arunachal Pradesh and Rajasthan			
	(c)	Assam and G	5		(d)	Arunachal Pra		5	
7.	Con		Ü	`		he Directive Pri	-	· ·	:
	(1)	(1) The Principles spell out the socio-economic democracy in the country.							

The provisions contained in these Principles are not enforceable by any court.

	Wh	ich of the statements given above is/are correct?						
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2						
8.	In t	the Index of Eight Core Industries which one of the following is given the highest						
	wei	weight?						
	(a)	Coal production (b) Electricity generation						
	(c)	Fertilizer production (d) Steel production						
9.	Which of the following National Parks is unique in being a swamp with floating vegetation							
	that	t supports a rich biodiversity?						
	(a)	Bhitarkanika National Park (b) Keibul Larnjao National Park						
	(c)	Keoladeo Ghana National Park (d) Sultanpur National Park						
10.	Wh	ich of the following statements is/are correct regarding National Innovation						
	Fou	ındation-India (NIF)?						
	(1)	NIF is an autonomous body of the Department of Science and Technology under the						
		Central Government.						
	(2)	NIF is an initiative to strengthen the highly advanced scientific research in India's						
		premier scientific institutions in collaboration with highly advanced foreign scientific						
		institutions.						
	Select the correct answer using the code given below.							
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2						
11.	What can be the impact of excessive/ inappropriate use of nitrogenous fertilizers in							
	agr	iculture?						
	(1)	1) Proliferation of nitrogen-fixing microorganisms in soil can occur.						
	(2)	Increase in the acidity of soil can take place.						
	(3)	(3) Leaching of nitrate to the ground-water can occur.						
	Select the correct answer using the code given below.							
	(a)	1 and 3 only (b) 2 only (c) 2 and 3 only (d) I, 2 and 3						
12.	Wit	th reference to the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural						
	Resources (IUCN) and the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of							
	Wil	d Fauna and Flora (CITES), which of the following statements is/are correct?						
	(1)	IUCN is an organ of the United Nations and CITES is an international agreement						
		between governments.						
	(2)	IUCN runs thousands of field projects around the world to better manage natural						
		environments.						
	(3)	CITES is legally binding on the States that have joined it, but this Convention does not						
		take the place of national laws.						
	Sele	ect the correct answer using the code given below.						
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3						

							The U	Jnique Academy
13.	The	Fair and Rem	unera	tive Price (FRP)	of Su	garcane is appr	oved by	the
	(a)	Cabinet Com	mittee	e on Economic Af	fairs			
	(b)	Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices						
	(c)	Directorate of	f Mar	keting and Inspec	tion, N	Ministry of Agric	ulture	
	(d)	Agricultural I	Produ	ce Market Comm	ittee			
14.	Wh	What explains the eastward flow of the equatorial counter-current?						
	(a)	The Earth's rotation on its axis						
	(b)	Convergence of the two equatorial currents						
	(c)	Difference in s	alinit	y of water				
	(d)	Occurrence of	the be	elt of calm near th	ie equa	ntor		
15.	Cor	Consider the following pairs:						
	Plac	ce of Pilgrimage		Location				
	(1)	Srisailam	:	Nallamala Hills				
	(2)	Omkareshwar	:	Satmala Hills				
	(3)	Pushkar	:	Mahadeo Hills				
	Wh	ich of the above	e pair	s is/are correctly	matc	hed?		
	(a)	1 only	(b)	2 and 3 only	(c)	1 and 3 only	(d)	1, 2 and 3
16.	Wit	With reference to Rowlatt Satyagraha, which of the following statements is/are correct?						
	(1)	The Rowlatt Act was based on the recommendations of the 'Sedition Committee'.						
	(2)	In Rowlatt Satyagraha, Gandhiji tried to utilize the Home Rule League.						
	(3)		is aga	inst the arrival	of Sin	non Commission	n coincid	ded with Rowlatt
		Satyagraha.						
	Sele	ect the correct a	ınswe	r using the code	given	below.		
		-		1 and 2 only		_		
17.	Among the following, which were frequently mentioned in the news for the outbreak o							
		ola virus recentl	•					
	(a)	Syria and Joi			(b)	Guinea, Sierra		
	(c)	11		ipua New Guinea	` /	Jamaica, Haiti		
18.			•	-	he pov	ver plants using	coal as	fuel, which of the
		owing statemen						
	(1)	•		in the production		C		
	(2)	-	e use	d as a replaceme	nt for	some of the Po	ortland co	ement contents of
		concrete.						

(3) Fly ash is made up of silicon dioxide and calcium oxide only, and does not contain any

(c) 1 and 3

(d) 3 only

(a) 1 and 2

toxic elements.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(b) 2 only

		a e	4 11		16 1	T 11 11 1	641 6		
19.		With reference to 'dugong', a mammal found in India, which of the following statements							
		s/are correct?							
	(1)	,							
	(2)		_	entire coast of		0.1 ***** 11:0	(- 7		
	(3)	_					(Protect	tion) Act, 197(2)	
		ect the corre		_					
	(a)	1 and 2	` /	2 only	()	1 and 3	(d)	•	
20.		Who of the following was/were economic critic/critics of colonialism in India?							
	(1)	Dadabhai N	laoroji		(2)	G. Subraman	ia lyer		
	(3)	R. C. Dutt							
		ect the corre		_	_				
	(a)	1 only	` ′	1 and 2 only		2 and 3 only	` '		
21.				Ü	e 'Global l	Economic Pros	spects' r	eport periodically?	
	(a)	The Asian 1							
	(b)	•							
	(c)								
	(d)	The World							
22.		When the Reserve Bank of India reduces the Statutory Liquidity Ratio by 50 basis							
	-	points, which of the following is likely to happen?							
	(a)	,							
	(b)								
	(c)	, e							
	(d)								
23.		With reference to the use of nanotechnology in health sector, which of the following							
	stat	statements is/are correct?							
	(1)) Targeted drug delivery is made possible by nanotechnology.							
	(2)	(2) Nanotechnology can largely contribute to gene therapy.							
	Sel	ect the corre	ct answe	r using the c	ode given	below.			
	(a)	1 only	(b)	2 only	(c)	Both 1 and 2	(d)	Neither 1 nor 2	
24.	In 1	India, marke	ts in agr	icultural pro	oducts are	regulated und	ler the		
	(a)	Essential C	ommodit	ies Act, 1955					
	(b)	Agricultura	1 Produc	e Market Con	nmittee Ac	t enacted by St	ates		
	(c)	Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937							
	(d)	Food Produ	icts Orde	r, 1956 and M	Meat and Fo	ood Products O	rder, 197	73	
25.	Wh			ing is the nat	tional aqu	atic animal of			
	(a)	Saltwater c			(b)	Olive ridley t	urtle		
	(c)	Gangetic de	olphin		(d)	Gharial			

(7)

26.	Wit	With reference to Congress Socialist Party, consider the following statements :						
	(1)) It advocated the boycott of British goods and evasion of taxes.						
	(2)	It wanted to establish the dictatorship of proletariat.						
	(3)	It advocated separate electorate for minorities and oppressed classes.						
	Wh	ich of the statements given above is/are correct?						
	(a)	1 and 2 only (b) 3 only (c) 1, 2 and 3 (d) None						
27.	Cor	nsider the following statements :						
	(1)	9						
	(2)	The Rajya Sabha cannot vote on the Demands for Grants.						
	(3)	The Rajya Sabha cannot discuss the Annual Financial Statement.						
	Wh	ich of the statements given above is/ are correct?						
	(a)	1 only (b) 1 and 2 only (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3						
28.	The	e Government of India Act of 1919 clearly defined						
	(a)	the separation of power between the judiciary and the legislature						
	(b)	the jurisdiction of the central and provincial governments						
	(c)	the powers of the Secretary of State for India and the Viceroy						
	(d)	None of the above						
29.	Which of the following brings out the 'Consumer Price Index Number for Industrial							
	Wo	rkers'?						
	(a)	The Reserve Bank of India (b) The Department of Economic Affairs						
	(c)	The Labour Bureau (d) The Department of Personnel and Training						
30.	In t	In the context of modern scientific research, consider the following statements abou						
	'Ice	'IceCube', a particle detector located at South Pole, which was recently in the news :						
	(1)	It is the world's largest neutrino detector, encompassing a cubic kilometre of ice.						
	(2)	It is a powerful telescope to search for dark matter.						
	(3)	It is buried deep in the ice.						
	Wh	ich of the statements given above is /are correct?						
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3						
31.	The	e terms 'Agreement on Agriculture', 'Agreement on the Application of Sanitary						
	and Phytosanitary Measures' and "Peace Clause' appear in the news frequently in the							
	context of the affairs of the							
	(a)	Food and Agriculture Organization						
	(b)							
	(c)	World Trade Organization						
	(d)	United Nations Environment Programme						
32.	Wit	th reference to 'Near Field Communication (NFC) Technology', which of the following						
	stat	tements is/ are correct?						
	(1)	It is a contactless communication technology that uses electromagnetic radio fields.						

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	(2)	NFC is designed for use by devices which can be at a distance of even a metre from each other.								
	(3)	NFC can use encryption when sending sensitive information.								
		select the correct answer using the code given below.								
	(a)	1 and 2 only	(b)	3 only	(c)	1 and 3 only	(d)	1, 2 and 3		
33.	The	area known a	s 'Go	lan Heights' sor	netimes	s appears in the n	ews i	n the context of the		
	evei	nts related to								
	(a)	Central Asia	(b)	Middle East	(c)	South-East Asia	(d)	Central Africa		
34.	Cor	vertibility of r	upee i	mplies						
	(a)	being able to c	onver	t rupee notes into	o gold					
	(b)	allowing the v	alue o	f rupee to be fixe	ed by m	arket forces				
	(c)	freely permitti	ng the	conversion of r	upee to	other currencies as	nd vio	ce versa		
	(d)	developing an	intern	ational market f	or curre	ncies in India				
35.	Cor	Consider the following pairs:								
	Med	Medieval Indian State				Present Region				
	(1)	Champaka			:	Central India				
	(2)	Durgara			:	Jammu				
	(3)	Kuluta			:	Malabar				
	Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched?									
	(a)	1 and 2	(b)	2 only	(c)	1 and 3	(d)	3 only		
36.	Cor	nsider the follow	ving r	ivers:						
	(1)	Vamsadhara	(2)	Indravati	(3)	Pranahita	(4)	Pennar		
	Wh	ich of the above		tributaries of G	odavar	i?				
	(a)	1, 2 and 3	(b)	2, 3 and 4	(c)	1, 2 and 4	(d)	2 and 3 only		
37.	When a bill is referred to a joint sitting of both the Houses of the Parliament, it has to be									
	passed by									
	(a)	1 0	•	members preser		•				
	(b)		5	ty of members p	resent a	nd voting				
	(c)	two-thirds majority of the Houses								
	(d)	(d) absolute majority of the Houses								
38.				0 0	f India	has a combinati	on of	f mangrove forest,		
		rgreen forest ar			(b)					
		(a) North Coastal Andhra Pradesh.				South-West Beng				
	(c)	Southern Saura			(d)	Andaman and Ni				
39.			_			ted with the life o				
	(1)		(2)	Gandhara	()	Kosala	(4)	Magadha		
				r using the code	_					
	(a)	1, 2 and 3	(b)	2 and 3 only	(c)	1, 3 and 4	(d)	3 and 4 only		
	_ (8	3)				UPSC (CSE (P) Question Papers		

40.	Wh	ich one of the following is associated	with t	he issue of control and phasing out of the					
	use	use of ozone-depleting substances?							
	(a)	Bretton Woods Conference	(b)	Montreal Protocol					
	(c)	Kyoto Protocol	(d)	Nagoya Protocol					
41.	Cor	nsider the following :							
	The	The arrival of Babur into India led to the							
	(1)) introduction of gunpowder in the subcontinent							
	(2)	introduction of the arch and dome in the region's architecture							
	(3)	establishment of Timurid dynasty in t	he regi	on					
	Selo	ect the correct answer using the code	given	below.					
	(a)	1 and 2 only (b) 3 only	(c)	1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3					
42.	The	e Government of India has establishe	d NIT	Aayog to replace the					
	(a)	Human Rights Commission	(b)	Finance Commission					
	(c)	Law Commission	(d)	Planning Commission					
43.	Wh	at is Rio+20 Conference, often menti	oned i	n the news?					
	(a)) It is the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development							
	(b)	It is a Ministerial Meeting of the World Trade Organization							
	(c)	It is a Conference of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change							
	(d)	It is a Conference of the Member Cou	untries	of the Convention on Biological Diversity					
44.	Cor	Consider the following statements:							
	(1)	The Executive Power of the Union of India is vested in the Prime Minister.							
	(2)	2) The Prime Minister is the ex officio Chairman of the Civil Services Board.							
	Wh	Which of the statements given above is /are correct?							
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only	(c)	Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2					
45.	The	The term 'Goldilocks Zone' is often seen in the news in the context of							
	(a)	the limits of habitable zone above the	surfac	e of the Earth					
	(b)	regions inside the Earth where shale g	gas is a	vailable					
	(c)	search for the Earth-like planets in ou	iter spa	ce					
	(d)								
46.	Wh	o of the following organized a march	n on th	e Tanjore coast to break the Salt Law in					
	Apı	ril 1930?							
	(a)	V. O. Chidambaram Pillai	(b)	C. Rajagopalachari					
	(c)	K. Kamaraj	(d)	Annie Besant					
47.	Wh	o of the following founded a new city of	on the s	south bank of a tributary to river Krishna					
	and	l undertook to rule his new kingdom a	as the a	gent of a deity to whom all the land south					
	of t	he river Krishna was supposed to bel	long?						
	(a)	Amoghavarsha I	(b)	Ballala II					
	(c)	Harihara I	(d)	Pratanarudra II					

48.	Cor	nsider the following statements :							
	(1)	1) The first woman President of the Indian National Congress was Sarojini Naidu.							
	(2)	(2) The first Muslim President of the Indian National Congress was Badruddin Tyabji.							
	Wh	Which of the statements given above is/are correct?							
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2							
49.	Whi	ich of the following statements regarding 'Green Climate Fund' is/are correct?							
	(1)	It is intended to assist the developing countries in adaptation and mitigation practices to							
		counter climate change.							
	(2)	It is founded under the aegis of UNEP, OECD, Asian Development Bank and World							
		Bank.							
		ect the correct answer using the code given below.							
	()	1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2							
50.		ira Gandhi Prize for Peace, Disarmament and Development for 2014 was given to							
		ch one of the following?							
	(a)	Bhabha Atomic Research Centre (b) Indian Institute of Science							
71	(c)	Indian Space Research Organization (d) Tata Institute of Fundamental Research							
51.		With reference to the Cabinet Mission, which of the following statements is/are correct?							
	()	(1) It recommended a federal government (2) It only god the powers of the Indian courts							
	()	(2) It enlarged the powers of the Indian courts.(3) It provided for more Indians in the ICS.							
	` '	ect the correct answer using the code given below.							
		1 only (b) 2 and 3 (c) 1 and 3 (d) None							
52.	()	ich one of the following National Parks has a climate that varies from tropical to							
32.		subtropical, temperate and arctic?							
		Khangehendzonga National Park (b) Nandadevi National Park							
	(c)	Neora Valley National Park (d) Namdapha National Park							
53.	Am	nesty International is							
	(a)	•							
	(b)								
	(c)	a non-governmental voluntary organization to help very poor people							
	(d)	an inter-governmental agency to cater to medical emergencies in war-ravaged regions							
54.	Wit	th reference to the art and archaeological history of India, which one among the							
	foll	owing was made earliest?							
	(a)	Lingaraja Temple at Bhubaneswar							
	(b)	Rock-cut Elephant at Dhauli							
	(c)	Rock-cut Monuments at Mahabalipuram							
	(d)	Varaha Image at Udayagiri							

55. With reference to Indian history, which of the following is /are the essential element/ elements of the feudal system?

- (1) A very strong centralized political authority and a very weak provincial or local political authority
- (2) Emergence of administrative structure based on control and possession of land
- (3) Creation of lord-vassal relationship between the feudal lord and his overlord Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1. 2 and 3

56. "BioCarbon Fund Initiative for Sustain-able Forest Landscapes' is managed by the

- (a) Asian Development Bank
- (b) International Monetary Fund
- (c) United Nations Environment Programme
- (d) World Bank

57. India is a member of which among the following?

- (1) Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation
- (2) Association of South-East Asian Nations
- (3) East Asia Summit

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a) 1 and 2 only

(b) 3 only

(c) 1, 2 and 3

(d) India is a member of none of them

58. In India, the steel production industry requires the import of

- (b) rock phosphate (c) coking coal
- (d) All of the above

59. The provisions in Fifth Schedule and Sixth Schedule in the Constitution of India are made in order to

- (a) protect the interests of Scheduled Tribes
- (b) determine the boundaries between States
- (c) determine the powers, authority and responsibilities of Panchayats
- (d) protect the interests of all the border States

60. With reference to the Union Government, consider the following statements:

- (1) The Department of Revenue is responsible for the preparation of Union Budget that is presented to the Parliament.
- (2) No amount can be withdrawn from the Consolidated Fund of India without the authorization from the Parliament of India.
- (3) All the disbursements made from Public Account also need the authorization from the Parliament of India

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

61. Who/Which of the following is the Custodian of the Constitution of India?								
	(a)	The President of India (b) The Prime Minister of India						
	(c)	The Lok Sabha Secretariat (d) The Supreme Court of India						
62.	Consider the following statements:							
	(1)	The Accelerated Irrigation Benefits Programme was launched during 1996-97 to provi	de					
		loan assistance to poor farmers.						
	(2)	The Command Area Development Programme was launched in 1974-75 for the	he					
		development of water-use efficiency.						
	Wh	ich of the statements given above is/are correct?						
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2						
63.	The	e Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee is constituted under the						
	(a)	Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006						
	(b)	Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999						
	(c)	Environment (Protection) Act, 1986						
	(d)	Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972						
64.	In the Mekong-Ganga Cooperation, an initiative of six countries, which of the following							
	is/a	re not a participant/ participants?						
	(1)	Bangladesh (2) Cambodia (3) China (4) Myanmar						
	(5)	Thailand						
	Select the correct answer using the code given below.							
	(a)	1 only (b) 2, 3 and 4 (c) 1 and 3 (d) 1, 2 and 5						
65.	Basel III Accord' or simply Basel III', often seen in the news, seeks to							
	(a)	develop national strategies for the conservation and sustainable use of biologic	cal					
		diversity						
	(b)	improve banking sector's ability to deal with financial and economic stress and impro	ve					
		risk management						
	(c)	reduce the greenhouse gas emissions but places a heavier burden on developed countries						
	(d)	transfer technology from developed countries to poor countries to enable them to repla	ice					
		the use of chlorofluorocarbons in refrigeration with harmless chemicals						
66.	Cor	nsider the following statements:						
	(1)	The winds which blow between 30° N and 60° S latitudes throughout the year are known	wn					
		as westerlies.						
	(2)	The moist air masses that cause winter rains in North-Western region of India are part	of					
		westerlies.						
	Wh	ich of the statements given above is/are correct?						
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only (3) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2						

67.	With reference to Indian Ocean Rim Asso	ociation for Regional Cooperation (IOR-ARC)',						
	consider the following statements:							
	(1) It was established very recently in response to incidents of piracy and accidents of oil							
	spills.							
	(2) It is an alliance meant for maritime se	curity only.						
	Which of the statements given above is/are correct?							
	(a) 1 only (b) 2 only	(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2						
68.	Which one of the following movements h	as contributed to a split in the Indian National						
	Congress resulting in the emergence of 'moderates' and 'extremists?							
	(a) Swadeshi Movement	(b) Quit India Movement						
	(c) Non-Cooperation Movement	(d) Civil Disobedience Movement						
69.	In a particular region in India, the local	people train the roots of living trees into robust						
	bridges across the streams. As the time	passes, these bridges become stronger. These						
	unique 'Living Root Bridges' are found i	n						
	(a) Meghalaya	(b) Himachal Pradesh						
	(c) Jharkhand	(d) Tamil Nadu						
70.	Tides occur in the oceans and seas due to	which among the following?						
	(1) Gravitational force of the Sun	(2) Gravitational force of the Moon						
	(3) Centrifugal force of the Earth							
	Select the correct answer using the code given below.							
	(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only	(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3						
71.	In which of the following activities are Indian Remote Sensing (IRS) satellites used?							
	(1) Assessment of crop productivity	(2) Locating groundwater resources						
	(3) Mineral exploration	(4) Telecommunications						
	(5) Traffic studies							
	Select the correct answer using the code	given below.						
	(a) 1, 2 and 3 only (b) 4 and 5 only	(c) 1 and 2 only (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5						
72.	Consider the following States							
	(1) Arunachal Pradesh	(2) Himachal Pradesh						
	(3) Mizoram							
	In which of the above States do 'Tropical	Wet Evergreen Forests' occur?						
	(a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only	(c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3						
73.	The term 'IndARC', sometimes seen in	the news, is the name of						
	(a) an indigenously developed radar syste	em inducted into Indian Defence						
	(b) India's satellite to provide services to							
	(c) a scientific establishment set up by l	ndia in Antarctic region						
	(d) India's underwater observatory to scie	d) India's underwater observatory to scientifically study the Arctic region						

74.	With reference to "Forest Carbon Partnership Facility', which of the following statements
	is/are correct?

- (1) It is a global partnership of governments, businesses, civil society and indigenous peoples.
- (2) It provides financial aid to universities, individual scientists and institutions involved in scientific forestry research to develop eco-friendly and climate adaptation technologies for sustainable forest management.
- (3) It assists the countries in their 'REDD+ (Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation+)' efforts by providing them with financial and technical assistance.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

(a)	1 only	(b) 2 and 3 only	(c) 1 and 3 only	(d) 1, 2 and 3
(u	, 1 0111 9	(b) 2 and 5 only	(c) I alla 5 olliy	(a) 1, = ana 3

- 75. Which one of the following was given classical language status recently?
 - (a) Odia (b) Konkani (c) Bhojpuri (d) Assamese
- 76. With reference to an organization known as "BirdLife International', which of the following statements is/ are correct?
 - (1) It is a Global Partnership of Conservation Organizations.
 - (2) The concept of 'biodiversity hotspots' originated from this organization.
 - (3) It identifies the sites known/referred to as 'Important Bird and Biodiversity Areas'.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 and 3 only (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 77. Which one of the following countries of South-West Asia does not open out to the Mediterranean Sea?
 - (a) Syria (b) Jordan (c) Lebanon (d) Israel
- 78. In India, in which one of the following types of forests is teak a dominant tree species?
 - (a) Tropical moist deciduous forest (b) Tropical rain forest
 - (c) Tropical thorn scrub forest (d) Temperate forest with grasslands
- 79. "Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action', often seen in the news, is
 - (a) a strategy to tackle the regional terrorism, an outcome of a meeting of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization
 - (b) a plan of action for sustainable economic growth in the Asia-Pacific Region, an outcome of the deliberations of the Asia-Pacific Economic Forum
 - (c) an agenda for women's empowerment, an outcome of a World Conference convened by the United Nations
 - (d) a strategy to combat wildlife trafficking, a declaration of the East Asia Summit
- 80. "Each day is more or less the same, the morning is clear and bright with a sea breeze; as the Sun climbs high in the sky, heat mounts up, dark clouds form, then rain comes with thunder and lightning. But rain is soon over."

Which of the following regions is described in the above passage?

	(a)	Savannah (b) Equatorial	(c)	Monsoon	(d)	Mediterranean			
81.	Wit	ch reference to Indian economy, consid	ler th	e following state	ments	•			
	(1)	The rate of growth of real Gross Dordecade.	nestic	Product has stea	adily i	ncreased in the last			
	(2)	The Gross Domestic Product at marker last decade.	et pric	ees (in rupees) ha	s stead	lily increased in the			
	Wh	ich of the statements given above is	/are c	correct?					
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only	(c)	Both 1 and 2	(d)	Neither 1 nor 2			
82.	` /	nsider the following statements:	()		()				
	(1)	The Legislative Council of a state in India can be larger in size than half of the Legislative Assembly of that particular state.							
	(2)	The Governor of a state nominates the	Chairı	man of Legislative	e Coun	icil of that particular			
	()	State.		C		1			
	Wh	ich of the statements given above is/ a	re coi	rrect?					
	(a)	1 only (b) 2 only	(c)		(d)	Neither 1 nor 2			
83.	"To	uphold and protect the Sovereignty.	, Unit	ty and Integrity	of Inc	dia" is a provision			
	mac	made in the							
	(a)	Preamble of the Constitution	(b)	Directive Princi	ples of	f State Policy			
	(c)	Fundamental Rights	(d)	Fundamental Du	uties				
84.	Which one of the following is the best description of the term 'ecosystem?								
	(a)	A community of organisms interacting with one another							
	(b)	That part of the Earth which is inhabited by living organisms							
	(c)	A community of organisms together w	ith the	e environment in	which	they live			
	(d)	The flora and fauna of a geographical	area						
85.	The	e fundamental object of Panchayati	Raj	system is to er	isure	which among the			
	follo	owing?							
	(1)	People's participation in development	(2)	Political accoun	tability	y			
	(3)	Democratic decentralization	(4)	Financial mobil	ization	1			
	Sele	ect the correct answer using the code g	given	below.					
	(a)	1, 2 and 3 only (b) 2 and 4 only	(c)	1 and 3 only	(d)	1, 2, 3 and 4			
86.	Wit	h reference to Indian economy, consid	ler th	e following :					
	(1)	Bank rate	(2)	Open market op	eration	ns			
	(3)	Public debt	(4)	Public revenue					
	Wh	ich of the above is/are component/con	-	-					
	(a)	1 only (b) 2, 3 and 4	` /	1 and 2	()	1, 3 and 4			
87.		h reference to inflation in India, which		_					
	(a)	Controlling the inflation in India is the	_	-		ment of India only			
	(b)	The Reserve Bank of India has no role	in co	ntrolling the infla	tion				

— (16)

	(c)	(c) Decreased money circulation helps in controlling the inflation							
	(d)	Increased mon	ey circ	culation helps in	n control	ling the inflation	n		
88.	Con	sider the follow	ving c	ountries :					
	(1)	China	(2)	France	(3)	India	(4)	Israel	
	(5)	Pakistan							
	Wh	ich among the	above	are Nuclear W	'eapons	States as recog	gnized b	y the Treaty on	the
	Non	Proliferation of	of Nuc	elear Weapons,	commo	nly known as	Nuclear	Non-Proliferati	on
	Trea	aty (NPT)?							
	(a)	1 and 2 only	(b)	1, 3, 4 and 5 o	nly (c)	2, 4 and 5 onl	y (d)	1, 2, 3, 4 and 5	
89.	The	ideal of Welfar	re Stat	te' in the India	n Const	itution is ensh	rined in	its	
	(a)	Preamble			(b)	Directive Prin	ciples of	f State Policy	
	(c)	Fundamental F	Rights		(d)	Seventh Scheo	dule		
90.	The	substitution of	steel	for wooden plo	ughs in	agricultural p	roductio	on is an example	of
	(a)	labour-augmer	nting to	echnological pro	ogress				
	(b)	capital-augmen	nting t	echnological pr	ogress				
	(c)	capital-reducir	ng tech	nological progr	ess				
	(d)	None of the ab	ove						
91.	The	There is a Parliamentary System of Government in India because the							
	(a)			directly by the					
	(b)			d the Constituti	on				
	(c)	Rajya Sabha c							
	(d)			is responsible t					
92.				es mentioned i	n the n	ews with refe	rence to	which one of	the
		owing diseases?				_			
	(a)	AIDS	(b)	Bird flu	(c)	Dengue	(d)	Swine flu	_
93.			bio-t	coilets used by	the Ir	idian Railway	s, cons	ider the follow	ing
		ements:							
	(1)	, 1							
	(2)	Ammonia and water vapour are the only end products in this decomposition which are							
	***	released into the		-		40			
		ich of the state					(1)	N '4 1 2	
0.4	(a)	1 only	` /	2 only	(c)		. ,	Neither 1 nor 2	
94.		problem of int		ional liquidity				ty of	
	(a)	goods and serv		1 .	(b)	gold and silve			
0.5	(c)	dollars and oth			(d)	exportable sur	-	14	- 4
95.					_	rich tuel and o	xygen a	re used to gener	ate
		tricity, consider				.11	٠ ١	an have seen that	
	(1)	11 pure nyarog	en is u	ised as a ruel, th	ie Tuel ce	en emits neat ai	iu water	as by-products.	

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	(2)	Fuel cells ca computers.	an be u	sed for power	ing build	ings and not for	r small	devices like lap	top
	(3)	-	oduce e	lectricity in the	e form of	Alternating Curi	rent (A(<u></u>	
		B) Fuel cells produce electricity in the form of Alternating Current (AC). Which of the statements given above is /are correct?							
	(a)	1 only		2 and 3 only			(d)	1, 2 and 3	
96.	Kala	amkari painti		_	, ,	-	. ,		
	(a)	a hand-painted cotton textile in South India							
	(b)	a handmade	drawing	g on bamboo h	andicrafts	s in North-East I	ndia		
	(c)	a block-pain	ted woo	llen cloth in V	Western H	imalayan region	of Indi	a	
	(d)	a hand-paint	ed deco	rative silk clot	h in Nortl	n-Western India			
97.	Wh	ich one of the	follow	ing best descr	ibes the 1	nain objective (of 'Seed	l Village Concep	ot?
	(a)	Encouraging the farmers to use their own farm seeds and discouraging them to buy the seeds from others							
	(b)	_		_		seed production me and affordab		ereby to make av	ail-
	(c)	Earmarking	some vi	llages exclusiv	ely for th	e production of	certifie	d seeds	
	(d)	Identifying t set up seed c		-	llages and	l providing then	n techno	ology and finance	e to
98.	The	•			lget year	after year. Whi	ch of th	e following action	ons
	can be taken by the government to reduce the deficit?								
	(1)	Reducing rev	venue ex	xpenditure	(2)	Introducing ne	w welfa	are schemes	
	(3)	Rationalizing subsidies (4) Expanding industries							
	Sele	ect the correct	t answe	r using the co	de given	below.			
	(a)	1 and 3 only	(b)	2 and 3 only	(c)	1 only	(d)	1, 2, 3 and 4	
99.	Wh	Which of the following has/have been accorded 'Geographical Indication' status?							
	(1)	Banaras Bro	cades ar	nd Sarees	(2)	Rajasthani Daa	al-Bati-	Churma	
	(3)	Tirupathi Laddu							
	Sele	ect the correct	t answe	r using the co	de given	below.			
	(a)	1 only	(b)	2 and 3 only	(c)	1 and 3 only	(d)	1, 2 and 3	
100.	Wit	h reference t	o the I	ndian Renewa	able Ene	rgy Developme	nt Age	ncy Limited (IF	RE-
	DA), which of the	e follow	ing statement	ts is/are c	orrect?			
	(1)	It is a Public	Limited	d Government	Company	<i>7.</i>			
	(2)	It is a Non-E	Banking	Financial Con	npany.				
	Sele	ect the correct	t answe	r using the co	de given	below.			
	(a)	I only	(b)	2 only	(c)	Both 1 and 2	(d)	Neither 1 nor 2	•



CSAT Paper-II

Directions for the following 7 (seven) items:

Read the following six passages and answer the items that follow. Your answers to these items should be based on the passages only.

PASSAGE-I

Climate change is already making many people hungry all over the world, by disrupting crop yields and pushing up prices. And it is not just food but nutrients that are becoming scarcer as the climate changes. It is the poorest communities that will suffer the worst effects of climate change, including increased hunger and malnutrition as crop production and livelihoods are threatened. On the other hand, poverty is a driver of climate change, as desperate communities resort to unsustainable use of resources to meet current needs.

- 1. Which among the following is the most logical corollary to the above passage?
 - (a) Government should allocate more funds to poverty alleviation programmes and increase food subsidies to the poor communities.
 - (b) Poverty and climate impacts reinforce each other and therefore we have to re-imagine our food systems.
 - (c) All the countries of the world must unite in fighting poverty and malnutrition and treat poverty as a global problem
 - (d) We must stop unsustainable agricultural practices immediately and control food prices.

PASSAGE-II

The Global Financial Stability Report finds that the share of portfolio investments front advanced economies in the total debt and equity investments in emerging economies has doubled in the past decade to 12 percent. The phenomenon has implications for Indian policy makers as foreign portfolio investments in the debt and equity markets have been on the rise. The phenomenon is also flagged as a threat that could compromise global financial stability in a chain reaction, in the event of United States Federal Reserve's imminent reversal of its "Quantitative Easing" policy.

- 2. Which among the following is the most rational and critical inference that can be made from the above passage?
 - (a) Foreign portfolio investments are not good for emerging economies.
 - (b) Advanced economies undermine the global financial stability.
 - (c) India should desist from accepting foreign portfolio investments in the future.
 - (d Emerging economies are at a risk of shock from advanced economies.

PASSAGE-III

Open defecation is disastrous when practised in very densely populated areas, where it is impossible to keep away human faeces from crops, wells, food and children's hands. Groundwater is also contaminated by open defecation. Many ingested germs and worms spread diseases. They prevent the body from absorbing calories and nutrients. Nearly one-half of India's children remain malnourished. Lakhs of them die from preventable conditions. Diarrhoea leaves Indians' bodies smaller on average than those of people in some poorer countries where people eat fewer calories. Underweight mothers produce stunted babies prone to sickness who may fail to develop their full cognitive potential. The germs released into environment harm rich and poor alike, even those who use latrines.

3. Which among the following is the most critical inference that can be made from the above passage?

- (a) The Central and State governments in India do not have enough resources to afford a latrine for each household.
- (b) Open defecation is the most important public health problem of India.
- (c) Open defecation reduces the human capital of India's workforce.
- (d) Open defecation is a public health problem in all developing countries.

PASSAGE-IV

We generally talk about democracy but when it comes to any particular thing, we prefer a belonging to our caste or community or religion. So long as we have this kind of temptation, our democracy will remain a phoney kind of democracy. We must be in a position to respect a man as a man and to extend opportunities for development to those who deserve them and not to those who happen to belong to our community or race. This fact of favouritism has been responsible for much discontent and ill-will in our country.

4. Which one of the following statements best sums up the above passage?

- (a) Our country has a lot of diversity with its many castes, communities and religions.
- (b) True democracy could be established by providing equal opportunities to all.
- (c) So far none of us have actually understood the meaning of democracy.
- (d) It will never be possible for us to establish truly democratic governance in our country.

PASSAGE-V

The existence/establishment of formal financial institutions that offer safe, reliable, and alternative financial instruments is fundamental in mobilising savings. To save, individuals need access to safe and reliable financial institutions, such as banks, and to appropriate financial instruments and reasonable financial incentives. Such access is not always available to all people in developing countries like India and more so, in rural areas. Savings help poor households manage volatility in cash flow, smoothen consumption, and build working capital. Poor households without access to a formal savings mechanism encourage immediate spending temptations.

- 5. With reference to the above passage, consider the following statements :
 - (1) Indian financial institutions do not offer any financial instruments to rural households to mobilise their savings.
 - (2) Poor households tend to spend their earnings/savings due to lack of access to appropriate financial instruments.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 6. What is the crucial message conveyed in the passage?
 - (a) Establish more banks
 - (b) Increase the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate
 - (c) Increase the interest rate of bank deposits
 - (d) Promote financial inclusion

PASSAGE-VI

Governments may have to take steps which would otherwise be an infringement on the Fundamental Rights of individuals, such as acquiring a person's land against his will, or refusing permission for putting up a building, but the larger public interest for which these are done must be authorized by the people (Parliament). Discretionary powers to the administration can be done away with. It is becoming more and more difficult to keep this power within limits as the government has many number of tasks to perform. Where discretion has to be used, there must be rules and safeguards to prevent misuse of that power. Systems have to be devised which minimise, if not prevent, the abuse of discretionary power. Government work must be conducted within a framework of recognised rules and principles, and decisions should be similar and predictable.

- 7. Which among the following is the most logical assumption that can be made from the above passage?
 - (a) Government should always be given wide discretionary power in all matters of administration.
 - (b) The supremacy of rules and safeguards should prevail as opposed to the influence of exclusive discretion of authority.
 - (c) Parliamentary democracy is possible only if the Government has wider discretionary power.
 - (d) None of the above statements is a logical assumption that can be made from this passage.
- 8. A selection is to be made for one post of Principal and two posts of Vice-Principal. Amongst the six candidates called for the interview, only two are eligible for the post of Principal while they all are eligible for the post of Vice-Principal. The number of possible combinations of selectees is
 - (a) 4
- (b) 12
- (c) 18
- (d) None of the above
- 9. A student has to opt for 2 subjects out of 5 subjects for a course, namely, Commerce, Economics, Statistics, Mathematics I and Mathematics II. Mathematics II can be offered

(20)

only if Mathematics I is also opted. The number of different combinations of two subjects which can be opted is

(a) 5

(b) 6

(c) 7

(d) 8

10. A person ordered 5 pairs of black socks and some pairs of brown socks. The price of a black pair was thrice that of a brown pair. While preparing the bill, the bill clerk interchanged the number of black and brown pairs by mistake which increased the bill by 100%. What was the number of pairs of brown socks in the original order?

(a) 10

(b) 15

(c) 20

(d) 25

- 11. The number of persons who read magazine X only is thrice the number of persons who read magazine Y. The number of persons who read magazine Y only is thrice the number of persons who read magazine X. Then, which of the following conclusions can be drawn?
 - (1) The number of persons who read both the magazines is twice the number of persons who read only magazine X.
 - (2) The total number of persons who read either one magazine or both the magazines is twice the number of persons who read both the magazines.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

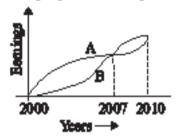
(a) 1 only

(b) 2 only

(c) Both 1 and 2

(d) Neither 1 nor 2

12. The graph below depicts the earnings of A and B over the period 2000 to 2010:



From the graph, which one of the following can be concluded?

- (a) On the average A earned more than B during this period.
- (b) On the average B earned more than A during this period.
- (c) The earnings of A and B were equal during this period.
- (d) The earnings of A were less as compared to B during this period.
- 13. Two pipes A and B can independently fill a, tank completely in 20 and 30 minutes respectively. If both the pipes are opened simultaneously, how much time will they take to fill the tank completely?

(a) 10 minutes

(b) 12 minutes

(c) 15 minutes

(d) 25 minutes

- 14. Each of the six different faces of a cube has been coated with a different colour i.e., V, I, B, G, Y and O. Following information is given:
 - (1) Colours Y, O and B are on adjacent faces.
 - (2) Colours I, G and Y are on adjacent faces.

- (3) Colours B, G and Y are on adjacent faces.
- (4) Colours O, V and B are on adjacent faces.

Which is the colour of the face opposite to the face coloured with O?

- (a) B
- (b) V
- (c) G
- (d) I
- 15. Consider the following statements followed by two conclusions :

Statements

Some men are great.

Some men are wise.

Conclusion I

Men are either great or wise.

Conclusion II

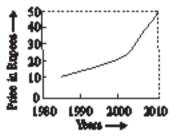
Some men are neither great nor wise.

Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) Only conclusion I is valid
- (b) Only conclusion II is valid
- (c) Both the conclusions are valid
- (d) Neither of the conclusions is valid
- 16. Consider the following statements:
 - (1) Some claim to have seen UFOs (Unidentified Flying Objects).
 - (2) Life on other heavenly bodies is considered to be a possibility.
 - (3) Voyage to space is now an established fact.

From the above statements, it may be concluded that

- (a) UFOs are heavenly bodies
- (b) UFOs are sent from other heavenly bodies
- (c) Some living species in other heavenly bodies are more intelligent than man
- (d) Nothing definite can be said about the UFOs
- 17. If ABC x DEED = ABCABC; where A, B, C, D and E are different digits, what are the values of DandE?
 - (a) D = 2, E = 0
- (b) D = 0, E = 1
- (c) D = 1, E = 0
- (d) D = 1, E = 2
- 18. Year-wise variation of the price of a certain commodity is shown in the following graph:



The Price of the commodity in the year 1990

- (a) must have been ₹ 10/-
- (b) must have been ₹ 12/-
- (c) must have been anywhere between ₹ 10/- and ₹ 12/-
- (d) is higher than that in the year 1991
- 19. The proportion of expenditure on various items by two families A and B are represented in the following Bar Charts:

50% Food	10% Food
30 % Other items	60 % Other items
20% Education	30% Education

Family A Family B

Total expenditure : Total expenditure : ₹ 20,000 per month ₹ 1,00,000 per month

From these charts, we can conclude that

- (a) Family A spent more money on food than Family B.
- (b) Family B spent more money on food than Family A.
- (c) Family A and Family B spent the same amount on food.
- (d) The expenditure on food by Family A and Family B cannot be compared.
- 20. Usha runs faster than Kamala, Priti runs slower than Swati, Swati runs slower than Kamala. Who is the slowest runner?
 - (a) Kamala
- (b) Priti
- (c) Swati
- (d) Usha

Directions for the following 7 (seven) items:

Read the following four passages and answer the items that follow. Your answers to these items should be based on the passages only.

PASSAGE-I

India has suffered from persistent high inflation. Increase in administered prices, demand and supply imbalances, imported inflation aggravated by rupee depreciation, and speculation — have combined to keep high inflation going. If there is an element common to all of them, it is that many of them are the outcomes of economic reforms. India's vulnerability to the effects of changes in international prices has increased with trade liberalisation. The effort to reduce subsidies has resulted in a continuous increase in the prices of commodities that are administered.

- 21. What is the most logical, rational and crucial message that is implied in the above passage?
 - (a) Under the present circumstances, India should completely avoid all trade liberalisation policies and all subsidies.
 - (b) Due to its peculiar socio-economic situation, India is not yet ready for trade liberalisation process.
 - (c) There is no solution in sight for the problems of continuing poverty and inflation in India in the near future.
 - (d) Economic reforms can often create a high inflation economy.

PASSAGE-II

No Right is absolute, exclusive or inviolable. The Right of personal property, similarly, has to be perceived in the larger context of its assumed legitimacy. The Right of personal property should unite the principle of liberty with that of equality, and both with the principle of cooperation.

22. In the light of the argument in the passage, which one of the following statements is the

(23)

most convincing explanation?

- (a) The Right of personal property is a Natural Right duly supported by statutes and scriptures.
- (b) Personal property is a theft and an instrument of exploitation. The Right of personal property is therefore violative of economic justice.
- (c) The Right of personal property is violative of distributive justice and negates the principle of cooperation.
- (d) The comprehensive idea of economic justice demands that the Right of each person to acquisition of property has to be reconciled with that of others.

PASSAGE-III

The conflict between man and State is as old as State history. Although attempts have been made for centuries to bring about a proper adjustment between the competing claims of State and the individual, the solution seems to be still far off. This is primarily because of the dynamic nature of human society where old values and ideas constantly yield place to new ones. It is obvious that if individuals are allowed to have absolute freedom of speech and action, the result would be chaos, ruin and anarchy.

23. The author's viewpoint can be best summed up in which of the following statements?

- (a) The conflict between the claims of State and individual remains unresolved.
- (b) Anarchy and chaos are the obvious results of democratic traditions.
- (c) Old values, ideas and traditions persist despite the dynamic nature of human society.
- (d) Constitutional guarantee of freedom of speech is not in the interest of society.

PASSAGE-IV

Climate change is a complex policy issue with major implications in terms of finance. All actions to address climate change ultimately involve costs. Funding is vital for countries like India to design and implement adaptation and mitigation plans and projects. Lack of funding is a large impediment to implementing adaptation plans. The scale and magnitude of the financial support required by developing countries to enhance their domestic mitigation and adaptation actions are a matter of intense debate in the multilateral negotiations under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC). The Convention squarely puts the responsibility for provision of financial support on the developed countries, taking into account their contribution to the stock of greenhouse gases (GHGs) in the atmosphere. Given the magnitude of the task and the funds required, domestic finances are likely to fall short of the current and projected needs of the developing countries. Global funding through the multilateral mechanism of the Convention will enhance their domestic capacity to finance the mitigation efforts.

- 24. According to the passage, which of the following is/are a matter of intense debate in the multilateral negotiations under UNFCCC regarding the role of developing countries in climate change?
 - (1) The scale and size of required financial support.

	(2)	The crop loss	due to	climate change	in the d	eveloping coun	tries.		
	(3)	To enhance the	ne mitig	gation and adap	tation ac	tions in the dev	eloping	countries.	
	Sele	ect the correct	answe	r using the cod	le given	below:			
	(a)	1 only	(b)	2 and 3 only	(c)	1 and 3 only	(d)	1, 2 and 3	
25.	In t	this passage, t	the Cor	nvention puts	the resp	onsibility for	the pro	ovision of fina	ncial
	sup	port on the de	velope	d countries be	cause of				
	(1)	their higher le	evel of	per capita inco	mes.				
	(2)	their large qu	antum (of GDP.					
	(3)	their large co	ntributi	on to the stock	of GHG	s in the atmospl	nere.		
	Sele	ect the correct	answe	r using the cod	le given	below:			
	(a)	1 only	(b)	1 and 2 only	(c)	3 only	(d)	1,2 and 3	
26.	Wit	h regards to d	levelop	ing countries,	it can b	e inferred from	n the pa	assage that cli	mate
	cha	nge is likely to	have i	mplications or	ı their				
	(1)	domestic fina	nces.						
	(2)	capacity for r	nultilate	eral trade.					
	Sele	ect the correct	answe	r using the cod	le given	below:			
	(a)	1 only	(b)	2 only	(c)	Both 1 and 2	(d)	Neither 1 nor	2
27.	Wh	ich one of the	followi	ing is essential	ly discus	sed in the pass	sage?		
	(a)	Conflict betw	een dev	veloped and dev	veloping	countries regar	ding sup	port for mitiga	tion
	(b)			te change due t	to excess	ive exploitation	of natu	ral resources b	y the
		developed co							
	(c)	-		-		ountries to impl			
	(d)	-		<u> </u>		es as a result of		_	
28.			d 7 PM	the minute ha	and of a	clock will be a	head of	the hour hand	by 3
		utes at							
	(a)		` /	6:18 PM	()	6 : 36 PM	()	6:48 PM	
29.			-			oe assigned to e	-	-	
			_	-		person-4. Even	ry perso	on is to be assi	gned
			•	vays can the as	_				
	(a)	6	(b)	12	(c)		(d)	144	
30.		•				the ratio of 4		-	
				1 saves ₹ 6,000	at the e	end of the mon	th, thei	r monthly inco	omes
		ectively are (i							
	(a)	24,000 and 18	·		(b)	28,000 and 21			
	(c)	32,000 and 24			(d)	34,000 and 26			-
31.				-		es from A to E		-	m/hr
				-		at is the averag	-		
	(a)	45 km/hr	(b)	48 km/hr	(c)	50 km/hr	(d)	55 km/hr	
IDCC	CSE	(P) Question I	Donoro					(25)	

Directions for the following 2 (two) items:

Read the following passage and, answer the 2 (two) items that follow:

A, B, C, D, E and F are cousins. No two cousins are of the same age, but all have birthdays on

the sa	ame d	ay of the same month. The youngest is 17 years old and the oldest ${f E}$ is 22 years old							
F is s	omew	here between B and D in age. A is older than B. C is older than D. A is one year olde							
than	C.								
32.	Which one of the following is possible?								
	(a)	D is 20 years old (b) F is 18 years old							
	(c)	F is 19 years old (d) F is 20 years old							
33.	Wh	at is the number of logically possible orders of all six cousins in terms of increasing							
	age	?							
	(a)	1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4							
34.	In a	society it is customary for friends of the same sex to hug and for friends of opposit							
	sex	sex to shake hands when they meet. A group of friends met in a party and there were 24							
	han	dshakes.							
	Wh	ich one among the following numbers indicates the possible number of hugs?							
	(a)	39 (b) 30 (c) 21 (d) 20							
35.	Two	Two men, Anil and David, and two women, Shabnam and Rekha are in a sales group.							
	Only two speak Tamil. The other two speak Marathi. Only one man and one woman car								
	driv	drive a car. Shabnam speaks Marathi. Anil speaks Tamil. Both Rekha and David car							
	driv	/e.							
	Wh	ich of the following statements is true?							
	(a)	Both the Tamil speakers can drive a car.							
	(b)	Both the Marathi speakers can drive a car.							
	(c)	Both of those who can drive a car speak Marathi.							
	(d)	One of those who can drive a car speaks Tamil.							
36.	In a	In a plane, line X is perpendicular to line Y and parallel to line Z; line U is perpendicular							
	to both lines V and W; line X is perpendicular to line V.								
	Whi	ch one of the following statements is correct?							
	(a)	Z, U and W are parallel. (b) X, V and Y are parallel.							
	(c)	Z, V and U are all perpendicular to W. (d) Y, V and W are parallel.							
37.	A co	ow costs more than 4 goats but less than 5 goats. If a goat costs between ₹ 600 and ?							
	₹ 80	00, which of the following is a most valid conclusion?							
	(a)	A cow costs more than ₹ 2,500.							
	(b)	A cow costs less than ₹ 3,600.							
	(c)	A cow costs between ₹ 2,600 and ₹ 3,800.							

(d) A cow costs between $\ge 2,400$ and $\ge 4,000$.

38. A society consists of only two types of people — fighters and cowards. Two cowards are always friends. A fighter and a coward are always enemies. Fighters are indifferent to one another. If A and B are enemies, C and D are friends, E and F are indifferent to each other, A and E are not enemies, while B and F are enemies.

Which of the following statements is correct?

- (a) B, C and F are cowards.
- (b) A, E and F are fighters.
- (c) B and E are in the same category.
- (d) A and F are in different categories.
- 39. In a box of marbles, there are three less white marbles than the red ones and five more white marbles than the green ones. If there are a total of 10 white marbles, how many marbles are there in the box?
 - (a) 26
- (b) 28
- (c) 32
- (d) 36
- 40. Candidates in a competitive examination consisted of 60% men and 40% women. 70% men and 75% women cleared the qualifying test and entered the final test where 80% men and 70% women were successful.

Which of the following statements is correct?

- (a) Success rate is higher for women.
- (b) Overall success rate is below 50%.
- (c) More men cleared the examination than women.
- (d) Both (a) and (b) above are correct.

Directions for the following 8 (eight) items:

Read the following seven passages and answer the items that follow. Your answers to these items should be based on the passages only.

PASSAGE-I

The richer States have a responsibility to cut down carbon emissions and promote clean energy investments. These are the States that got electricity, grew faster and now have high per capita income, making them capable of sharing India's burden of becoming eco-friendly. Delhi, for example, can help by generating its own clean electricity using solar rooftop panels or even help poor States finance their clean energy projects. It is no secret that State Electricity Boards, which control 95% of the distribution network, are neck-deep in losses. These losses further discourage State utilities from adopting renewable energy as it is more expensive than fossil fuels.

- 41. Which among the following is the most logical and rational assumption that can be made from the above passage?
 - (a) The richer States must lead in the production and adoption of renewable energy.
 - (b) The poor States always have to depend on rich States for electricity.
 - (c) The State Electricity Boards can improve their finances by undertaking clean energy projects.
 - (d) The high economic disparity between the rich and poor States is the major cause of high carbon emissions in India.

PASSAGE-II

Set against a rural backdrop, 'Stench of kerosene' is the story of a couple, Guleri and Manak, who have been happily married for several years but do not have a child. Manak's mother is desperate to have a grandchild to carry on the family name. Hence, she gets Manak remarried in Guleri's absence. Manak, who acts as a reluctant but passive spectator, is meanwhile, informed by a friend that Guleri, on hearing about her husband's second marriage, poured kerosene on her clothes and set fire to them. Manak is heartbroken and begins to live as if he were a dead man. When his second wife delivers a son, Manak stares at the child for a long time and blurts out, "Take him away! He stinks of kerosene."

42. This is a sensitive issue-based story which tries to sensitise the readers about

- (a) Male chauvinism and infidelity
- (b) Love and betrayal
- (c) Lack of legal safeguards for women
- (d) Influence of patriarchal mindset

PASSAGE-III

The ultimate aim of government is not to rule or control by fear, nor to demand obedience, but conversely, to free every man from fear, that he may live in all possible security. In other words, to strengthen his natural right to exist and work without injury to himself or others. The object of government is not to change men from rational beings into beasts or puppets. It should enable them to develop their minds and bodies in security, and to employ their reason unshackled.

43. Which among the following is the most logical and rational inference that can be made from the above passage?

- (a) The true aim of government is to secure the citizens their social and political freedom.
- (b) The primary concern of government is to provide absolute social security to all its citizens.
- (c) The best government is the one that allows the citizens to enjoy absolute liberty in all matters of life.
- (d) The best government is the one that provides absolute physical security to the people of the country.

PASSAGE-IV

Our municipal corporations are understaffed. The issue of skills and competencies of the staff poses an even greater challenge. Urban services delivery and infrastructure are complex to plan and execute. They require a high degree of specialization and professionalism. The current framework within which municipal employees, including senior management, are recruited does not adequately factor in the technical and managerial competencies required. Cadre and recruitment rules only specify the bare minimum in academic qualifications. There is no mention of managerial or technical competencies, or of relevant work experience. This is the case with most municipal corporations. They also suffer from weak organisation design and structure.

44. Which among the following is the most logical and rational assumption that can be made from the above passage?

- (a) The task of providing urban services is a complex issue which requires the organisational expansion of municipal bodies all over the country.
- (b) Our cities can provide better quality of life if our local government bodies have adequate staff with required skills and competencies.
- (c) Lack of skilled staff is due to the absence of institutions which offer the requisite skills in city management.
- (d) Our country is not taking advantage of the demographic dividend to manage the problems associated with rapid urbanization.

PASSAGE-V

Flamingos in large flocks in the wild are social and extremely loyal. They perform group mating dances. Parents are very fond of their chicks, gathering them into creches for protection while both males and females fly off to search for food.

45. Which among the following is the most logical corollary to the above passage?

- (a) Mass nesting in all species of birds is essential to ensure complete survival of their offspring.
- (b) Only birds have the capacity to develop social behaviour and thus can do mass nesting to raise their chicks in safety.
- (c) Social behaviour in some species of birds increases the odds of survival in an unsafe world.
- (d) All species of birds set up creches for their chicks to teach them social behaviour and loyalty.

PASSAGE-VI

Vast numbers of Indian citizens without bank accounts live in rural areas, are financially and functionally illiterate, and have little experience with technology. A research study was conducted in a particular area in which electronic wage payments in Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) are meant to go directly to the poor. It was observed that recipients often assume that the village leader needs to mediate the process, as was the case under the previous paper-based system. Among households under this research study area who claimed to have at least one bank account, over a third reported still receiving MGNREGS wages in cash directly from a village leader.

46. What is the most logical, rational and crucial message that is implied in the above passage?

- (a) MGNREGS should be extended only to those who have a bank account.
- (b) The paper-based system of payments is more efficient than electronic payment in the present scenario.
- (c) The goal of electronic wage payments was not to eliminate mediation by village leaders.

(d) It is essential to provide financial literacy to the rural poor.

PASSAGE-VII

Individuals, groups and leaders who promote human development operate under strong institutional, structural and political constraints that affect policy options. But experience suggests broad principles for shaping an appropriate agenda for human development. One important finding from several decades of human development experience is that focusing exclusively on economic growth is problematic. While we have good knowledge about how to advance health and education, the causes of growth are much less certain and growth is often elusive. Further, an unbalanced emphasis on growth is often associated with negative environmental consequences and adverse distributional effects. The experience of China, with its impressive growth record, reflects these broader concerns and underlines the importance of balanced approaches that emphasize investments in the non-income aspects of human development.

47. With reference to the above passage, consider the following state	ments
---	-------

- (1) In developing countries, a strong institutional framework is the only requirement for human development and policy options.
- (2) Human development and economic growth are not always positively inter-related.
- (3) Focusing only on human development should be the goal of economic growth.

Which of the	above statements	is/are correct?
--------------	------------------	-----------------

(a)	1 only	(b)	2 and 3 only	(c) 2 c	only	(d)	1, 2 and 3
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- 48. With reference to the above passage, the following assumptions have been made:
 - (1) Higher economic growth is essential to ensure reduction in economic disparity.
 - (2) Environmental degradation is sometimes a consequence of economic growth.

Which of the above is/are valid assumption/assumptions?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 49. If A runs less fast than B, and B runs as fast but not faster than C; then, as compared to A, C runs
 - (a) slower than A

(b) faster than A

(c) with same speed as A

- (d) Given data is not sufficient to determine
- 50. Each of A, B, C and D has ₹ 100. A pays ₹ 20 to B, who pays ₹ 10 to C, who gets ₹ 30 from
 D. In this context, which one of the following statements is not correct?
 - (a) C is the richest.
 - (b) D is the poorest.
 - (c) C has more than what A and D have together.
 - (d) B is richer than D.
- 51. In a town, 45% population read magazine A, 55% read magazine B, 40% read magazine C, 30% read magazines A and B, 15% read magazines B and C, 25% read magazines A and C; and 10% read all the three magazines. What percentage do not read any magazine?
 - (a) 10%
- (b) 15%
- (c) 20%
- (d) 25%

52.	Examine the following statements:							
	(1) Lady's finger is tastier than cabbage. (2) Cauliflower is tastier than lady's finger.							
	(3) Cabbage is not tastier than peas.							
	The conclusion that can be drawn from these statements is that							
	a) peas are as tasty as lady's finger.							
	peas are as tasty as cauliflower and lady's finger.							
	(c) cabbage is the least tasty of the four vegetables.							
	(d) cauliflower is tastier than cabbage.							
53.	Shahid and Rohit start from the same point in opposite directions. After each 1 km,							
	Shahid always turns left and Rohit always turns right. Which of the following statements							
	is correct ?							
	(a) After both have travelled 2 km, the distance between them is 4 km.							
	(b) They meet after each has travelled 3km.							
	(c) They meet for the first time after each has travelled 4 km.							
	(d) They go on without ever meeting again.							
54.	In a 500 metres race, B starts 45 metres ahead of A, but A wins the race while B is still 35							
	metres behind. What is the ratio of the speeds of A to B assuming that both start at the							
	same time ?							
	(a) 25:21 (b) 25:20 (c) 5:3 (d) 5:7							
55.	Two equal glasses of same type are respectively 1/3 and 1/4 full of milk. They are then							
	filled up with water and the contents are mixed in a pot. What is the ratio of milk and							
	water in the pot ?							
	(a) 7:17 (b) 1:3 (c) 9:21 (d) 11:23							
56.	Out of 130 students appearing in an examination, 62 failed in English, 52 failed in							
	Mathematics, whereas 24 failed in both English and Mathematics. The number of							
	students who passed finally is							
	(a) 40 (b) 50 (c) 55 (d) 60							
57.	In a group of persons travelling in a bus, 6 persons can speak Tamil, 15 can speak Hindi							
	and 6 can speak Gujarati. In that group none can speak any other language. If 2 persons							
	in the group can speak two languages only and one person can speak all the three							
	languages, then how many persons are there in the group?							
	(a) 21 (b) 22 (c) 23 (d) 24							
58.	In a parking area, the total number of wheels of all the cars (four-wheelers) and scooters/							
	motorbikes (two-wheelers) is 100 more than twice the number of parked vehicles. The							
	number of cars parked is							
	(a) 35 (b) 45 (c) 50 (d) 55							
59.	The mangroves can shed tons of leaves per acre every year; fungi and bacteria break down							

this leaf litter and consume it, they then are consumed by tiny worms and crustaceans,

which in turn feed small fish, which feed larger fish and birds and crocodiles.

Which among the following is the most logical inference of the above statement?

- (a) Coastal areas cannot have food chains without mangroves.
- (b) Mangroves are an essential component of all marine ecosystems.
- (c) Mangroves have a crucial role in some of the coastal food chains.
- (d) The composition of marine flora and fauna is largely determined by mangroves.
- 60. "By liberty I mean the eager maintenance of that atmosphere . in which men have the opportunity to be their best selves."

Which one of the following expresses the view implied in the above statement?

- (a) Liberty is the absence of restraint on human action.
- (b) Liberty is what law permits people to perform.
- (c) Liberty is the ability to do what one desires.
- (d) Liberty is the maintenance of conditions for the growth of human personality.

Directions for the following 8 (eight) items:

Read the following six passages and answer the items that follow. Your answers to these items should be based on the passages only.

PASSAGE-I

Human history abounds in claims and theories confining the right of governing to a few select citizens. Exclusion of the many is justified on the ground that human beings may be rightfully segregated for the good of society and viability of the political process.

- 61. Which one of the following statements is least essential as a part of the argument in the above passage?
 - (a) Man seeks control over external things affecting him.
 - (b) In society, there are 'super' and 'sub' human beings.
 - (c) Exceptions to universal citizen participation are conducive to systemic efficacy.
 - (d) Governing implies recognition of disparities in individual capacities.

PASSAGE-II

By 2050, the Earth's population will likely have swelled from seven to nine billion people. To fill all those stomachs — while accounting for shifting consumption patterns, climate change, and a finite amount of arable land and potable water — some experts say food production will have to double. How can we make the numbers add up? Experts say higher yielding crop varieties and more efficient farming methods will be crucial. So will waste reduction. Experts urge cities to reclaim nutrients and water from waste streams and preserve farmland. Poor countries, they say, can improve crop storage and packaging and rich nations could cut back on resource-intensive foods like meat.

- 62. Which one of the following statements best sums up the above passage?
 - (a) The population of the world is growing very fast.
 - (b) Food security is a perennial problem only in developing countries.

- (c) The world does not have enough resources to meet the impending food scarcity.
- (d) Food security is increasingly a collective challenge.

PASSAGE-III

Many people in India feel that if we cut our defence expenditure on weapon-building, we can create a climate of peace with our neighbours, subsequently reducing the conflict or creating a no-war situation. People who proclaim such ideas are either the victims of war or the propagators of false argument.

63. With reference to the above passage, which of the following is the most valid assumption?

- (a) Building of weapons systems by us has instigated our neighbours to wage wars against us.
- (b) The greater spending on weapon-building by us would lessen the possibility of armed conflict with our neighbours.
- (c) It is necessary to have state of the art weapons systems for national security.
- (d) Many people in India believe that we are wasting our resources on weapon-building.

PASSAGE-IV

India accounts for nearly a fifth of the world's child deaths. In terms of numbers, it is the highest in the world — nearly 16 lakhs every year. Of these, more than half die in the first month of life. Officials believe that the reason for this is the absence of steps to propagate basic health practices relating to breast feeding and immunisation. Also the large reproductive population of 2-6 crore remains bereft of care during the critical phases of pregnancy and post-delivery. Added to this is the prevalence of child marriages, anaemia among young women and lack of focus on adolescent sanitation, all of which impact child death rates.

64. Which is the critical inference that can be made from the above passage?

- (a) A lot of Indians are illiterate and hence do not recognize the value of basic health practices.
- (b) India has a very huge population and the government alone cannot manage public health services.
- (c) Universalization and integration of maternal health and child health services can effectively address the problem.
- (d) The nutrition of women in child bearing age does not affect child mortality rate.

PASSAGE-V

Foods travel more than the people who eat them. Grocery stores and supermarkets are loaded with preserved and processed foods. This, however, often leads to environmental threats, such as pollution generated by long distance food transportation and wastage of food during processing and transportation, destruction of rain forests, reduced nutritional content, increased demand for preservation and packaging. Food insecurity also increases as the produce comes from regions that are not feeding their own population properly.

65. With reference to the above passage, which of the following statements is/are true?

- (1) Consuming regionally grown food and not depending on long travelled food is a part of eco-friendly behaviour.
- (2) Food processing industry puts a burden on our natural resources.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

PASSAGE-VI

I must say that, beyond occasionally exposing me to laughter, my constitutional shyness has been of no disadvantage whatever. In fact I can see that, on the contrary, it has been all to my advantage. My hesitancy in speech, which was once an annoyance, is now a pleasure. Its greatest benefit has been that it has taught me the economy of words. I have naturally formed the habit of restraining my thoughts. And I can now give myself the certificate that a thoughtless word hardly ever escapes my tongue or pen. I do not recollect ever having had to regret anything in my speech or writing. I have thus been spared many a mishap and waste of time. Experience has taught me that silence is part of the spiritual discipline of a votary of truth. Proneness to exaggerate, to suppress or modify the truth, wittingly or unwittingly, is a natural weakness of man, and silence is necessary in order to surmount it. A man of few words will rarely be thoughtless in his speech; he will measure every word. We find so many people impatient to talk. There is no chairman of a meeting who is not pestered with notes for permission to speak. And whenever the permission is given the speaker generally exceeds the time-limit, asks for more time, and keeps on talking without permission. All this talking can hardly be said to be of any benefit to the world. It is so much waste of time. My shyness has been in reality my shield and buckler. It has allowed me to grow. It has helped me in my discernment of truth.

- 66. The author says that a thoughtless word hardly ever escapes his tongue or pen. Which one of the following is not a valid reason for this?
 - (a) He has no intention to waste his time. (b) He believes in the economy of words.
 - (c) He believes in restraining his thoughts. (d) He has hesitancy in his speech.
- 67. The most appropriate reason for the author to be spared many a mishap is that
 - (a) he hardly utters or writes a thoughtless word.
 - (b) he is a man of immense patience.
 - (c) he believes that he is a spiritual person.
 - (d) he is a votary of truth.
- 68. For the author, silence is necessary in order to surmount
 - (a) constitutional shyness.

- (b) hesitancy in speech.
- (c) suppression of thoughts.
- (d) tendency to overstate.
- 69. Twelve people form a club. By picking lots, one of them will host a dinner for all once in a month. The number of dinners a particular member has to host in one year is
 - (a) One

(b) Zero

(35)

	(c) Three	(d) Cannot be pre	dicted
70.	An automobile owner reduced his mon	thly petrol consumptio	n when the prices went up.
	The price-consumption relationship is	as follows:	
	Price (in ₹ per litre)	40 50 60 75	
	Monthly consumption (in litres) 6	50 48 40 32	
	If the price goes up to ₹80 per litre, hi	is expected consumptio	n (in litres) will be
	(a) 30 (b) 28	(c) 26	(d) 24
71.	Consider the figures given below:		
		?	
	To fit the question mark, the correct a	nswer is	
	(a) (b) (b)	(c) \[\bigsiz \biz \biz \biz \biz \biz \biz \biz \b	(d)
72.	Consider the following matrix:	1	
	3 8 10 2 ? 6 56 90 2 20	1 0	
	What is the missing number at '?' in the	he matrix ?	
	(a) 5 (b) 0	(c) 7	(d) 3
73.	What is the missing number "X" of th	ne series 7, X, 21, 31, 43	?
	(a) 11 (b) 12	(c) 13	(d) 14
74.	Four cardboard pieces of specific shap	es are shown in the fol	lowing figure :
	Which one of the following figures give	en can be formed by joi	ning these pieces together?
	(a) (b)	(c)	(d)
<i>75.</i>	In a test, a candidate attempted only 8	=	
	questions. If he obtained a total of 40°	•	uestions in the test carried
	equal marks, how many questions were (a) 8 (b) 10	(c) 15	(d) 16
76.	A father is nine times as old as his son a		· /
	sum of the father's and the mother's a		
	(a) 7 years (b) 5 years	(c) 4 years	(d) 3 years
77.	Four persons A, B, C and D consisting	g of two married couple	es are in a group. Both the
	women are shorter than their respecti	ve husbands. A is the t	allest among the four. C is
	taller than B. D is B's brother. In this	context, which one of	the following statements is

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not correct?

- (a) All four have family ties.
- (b) B is the shortest among the four.

(c) C is taller than D.

(d) A is B's husband.

78. Consider the following statements:

- (1) A man had a wife, two sons and two daughters in his family.
- (2) The daughters were invited to a feast and the male members of the family went out to take part in a picnic.
- (3) The man's father did not return from his work.

Which of the following statements is true?

- (a) Only the man's wife was left at home.
- (b) It is likely that the man's wife was left at home.
- (c) None was left at home.
- (d) More than one person was left at home.
- 79. Geeta: Naresh has become a better boxer since he started meditation.

Radha: Impossible. A boxer's most important asset is his aggressiveness.

Radha's statement reflects her belief that

- (a) meditation tends to make a person less aggressive.
- (b) meditation has little or no effect on the person who practises it.
- (c) Naresh was a poor boxer earlier because he was not aggressive enough.
- (d) Naresh would not have taken to meditation as he was a boxer.
- 80. All good athletes want to win and all athletes who want to win eat a well-balanced diet; therefore all athletes who do not eat a well-balanced diet are bad athletes.

The best conclusion from this statement is that

- (a) no bad athlete wants to win.
- (b) no athlete who does not eat a well-balanced diet is a good athlete.
- (c) every athlete who eats a well-balanced diet is a good athlete.
- (d) all athletes who want to win are good athletes.